# SUDDEN CARDIAC ARREST



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#### SCA (Sudden Cardiac Arrest)

Sudden Cardiac Arrest (SCA) is different from a Heart Attack. A heart attack blocks blood to the heart while a SCA stops the heart!!

SCA kills approximately 4-5 million Indians every year (2 per 1000 persons). SCA stops the heart thereby leading to death within minutes. This is caused by electrical disturbances of the heart where in the heart fails to function at a very fast heart rate.

#### Who is at risk for SCA?

Patients with prior heart attacks and reduced heart function face the highest risk of SCA. Patients who should undergo these tests are

- Patients with prior heart attack
- Patients with reduced pumping function of the heart (Ejection fraction < 35%)</li>
- Patients with dilated hearts and ejection fraction < 35%.</li>
- Patients with strong family history of SCA (especially in parents and siblings).

### What is the SCA Package?

The SCA package has been designed keeping in mind the gravity of the situation facing us. SCA is rarely a random event. Although it may occur in outwardly health people, most of the victims have a previous history of heart disease (which they may or may not be aware of). This specially designed, one of its kind package being offered by our Hospital, includes a array of tests which help to determine the individual risk of getting a Cardiac Arrest in the near future in the presence of other risk factors as mentioned above.

### Which tests are included in the SCA package?

The SCA package involves 4 tests followed by consultation with the cardiologist.

- Electrocardiogram (with Late Potentials)
- Exercise Treadmill Test (with T wave Alternans)
- 2D-Echocardiography (for ejection fraction)
- 24-hours Holter ECG recording (with Heart Rate Variability)

#### Details about the tests

## Electrocardiogram (Signal averaged ECG with Late Potentials)

This is a routine ECG test where the electrodes are connected on your chest and limbs and a ECG is recorded with a special machine. This machine amplifies your ECG and gives a value for the Late Potentials.

# Exercise Treadmill Test (with T wave Alternans)

In this test, one has to fast for at least 2 hours and the patient is made to walk on a treadmill. The speed of the treadmill increases every 2 or 3 minutes and the patient's condition, blood pressure and ECG are recorded. At the end of the test, the software calculates a value for T - Wave Alternans.

### 2D-Echocardiography

This test visualizes the heart and its pumping function. This pumping function is called Ejection Fraction in medical terms. Patients with Ejection